

Kaspersky OT Cybersecurity

Vertical offering
for power system and grid
operators, power plants
and utilities

kaspersky



Industry summary

The Power & Utilities industry is crucial to society, playing a central role in driving economic growth, enhancing quality of life and supporting technological advancements. Electricity is an essential resource, powering a number of key areas including:



Residential use and smart cities
(street lighting, HVAC, etc.)



Transportation
(EV, charging)



Manufacturing

The industry plays an important role in achieving net-zero emissions in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement (UN). The industry supports electrification across other industries and drives the transition to renewable energy.

The industry trend towards clean energy demands robust, efficient smart grids.

~x2

worldwide investment in clean energy compared to fossil fuels¹

(1) [World Energy Investment 2024, report by IEA](#)

Digitalization objectives

Digitalization is an enabler of the industry’s sustainability goals, with digital solutions supporting the strategic goals of industry players:



Improve asset security and efficiency



Drive global decarbonization and electrification



Accelerate the deployment of renewable energy infrastructure



Ensure safe working conditions

Main digital solution use cases in the industry

- Internet of Energy (IoE) devices
Enable wide-area automation for real-time monitoring and control of grid operations
- Energy Cloud
Real-time analytics, scalable infrastructure, remote management and integration of new technologies
- Electrical digital twins
Grid mode simulation, predictive insights, real-time monitoring and diagnostics of equipment
- ML & AI driven smart grid
Optimization, predictive maintenance and condition monitoring
- Robotization
Robotic and aerial plant inspections, vegetation management

As digitalization transforms the industry, operations will inevitably face security challenges.

Power systems will need extended communication and automation capabilities that are secure, reliable and effective.

2.3 p.p.

Decrease in the number of ICS computers in the Energy sector on which malicious objects were blocked in Q1 2025 (compared to Q1 2024)²

(2) [Threat landscape for industrial automation systems report by ICS CERT](#)

Digital trends in the Power & Utilities industry

Integrated control rooms

A. Power generation

- Nuclear power station
- Thermal power station
- Solar power plant
- Hydroelectric power station
- Wind farms

Corporate

- IT Networks and Systems
- Market management system

Control center

- SCADA / EMS / GMS
- ADMS / WAMS / DERMS/ OMS

B. Power transmission

- Transmission power lines
- Automatic power transformers
- Air & gas insulated HV substations
- HVDC power transformers
- Power storage and conversion
- Offshore substations & HVDC

C. Power distribution

- Industrial & social consumers
- MV suburbs power grids
- Smart cities & grids

IoE

- 1 Smart energy and heat metering
- 2 Monitoring of the condition of primary equipment
- 3 Managing distributed energy resources (DER)
- 4 Monitoring of transmission and distribution (T&D) line condition
- 5 Monitoring charging stations and connected vehicles

Energy Cloud

- 1 Predictive analysis in supply using weather forecasts and other data
- 2 WANs enabling real-time communication between OT systems, sensors and grid control centers
- 3 Network Information Systems (NIS) providing distribution grid operators with routes and grid topology

Electrical digital twins

- 1 Asset performance management with equipment monitoring and root-cause analysis
- 2 Mapping risk clusters to visualise areas with concentrated risks and avoid cascading failure
- 3 Energy storage simulation for optimizing supply plans and peak load analysis

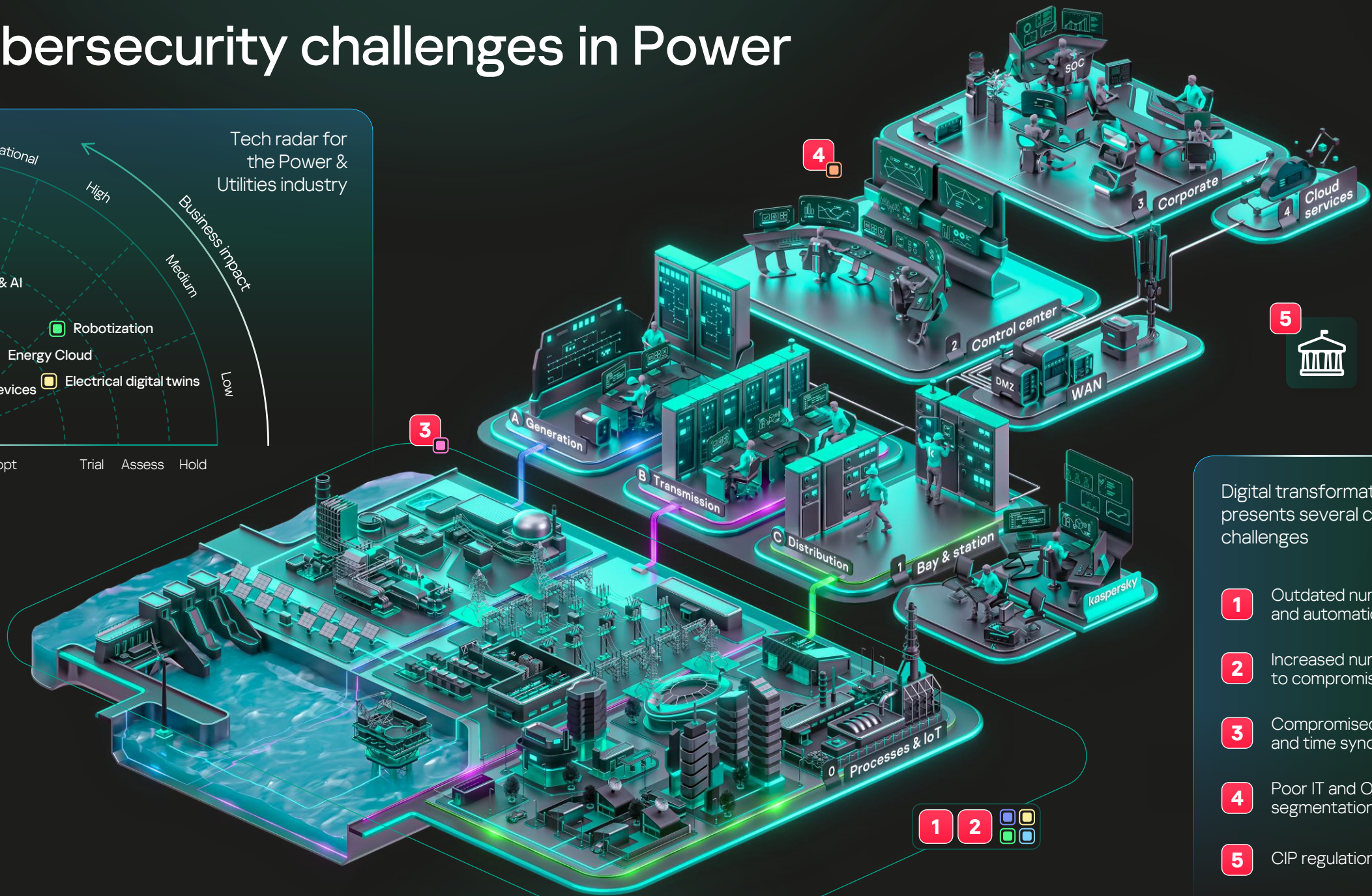
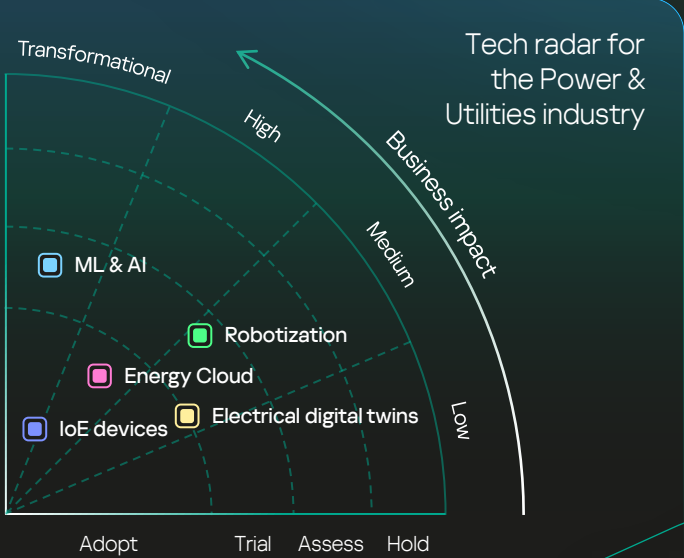
ML & AI

- 1 Grid balancing by dynamically adjusting power flows, minimizing losses and preventing overloading
- 2 Reactive power optimization and voltage control to avoid brownouts
- 3 Analysis of smart metering infrastructure data for better commercialization and peak demand flattening
- 4 Predicting weather patterns to adjust blade positions

Robotization

- 1 Sensor-integrated drones for aerial surveys
- 2 Automatization of inspection activities to identify potential issues (e.g. hot spots, leaks, power lines, etc.)
- 3 Underwater inspection of offshore wind farms

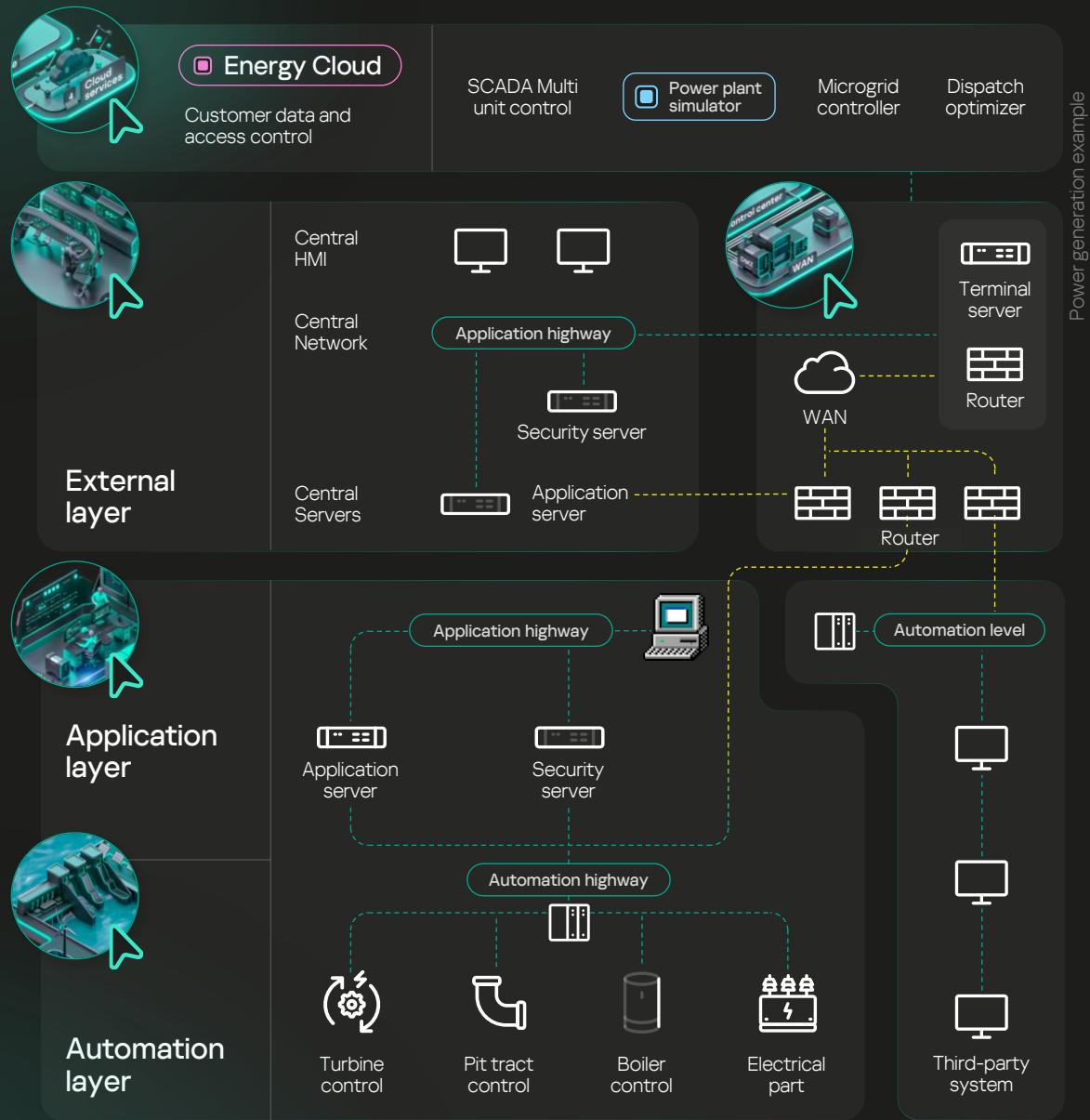
Cybersecurity challenges in Power



Digital transformation in the industry presents several cybersecurity challenges

- 1 Outdated numerical relays and automation
- 2 Increased number of nodes to compromise
- 3 Compromised remote access and time sync
- 4 Poor IT and OT network segmentation
- 5 CIP regulations

Outdated numerical relays and automation



Integrating outdated systems with modern technologies like ML, AI and cloud presents several key challenges. Compatibility issues can occur when older systems struggle to interface with newer technologies. Limited interoperability may disrupt operations and reduce the efficiency gains offered by modern solutions. In particular, legacy systems often cannot communicate effectively with cloud platforms or AI-driven automation tools.

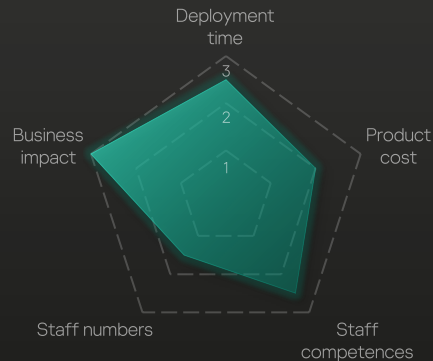
Legacy hardware currently accounts for

>1/3

of organisations' total power consumption¹

(1) [Daisy Corporate Services Study](#)

Solution characteristics



How Kaspersky helps



- Continuous monitoring of industrial networks for vulnerabilities
- Endpoint detection and response
- Regular security audits



Kaspersky Machine Learning for Anomaly Detection

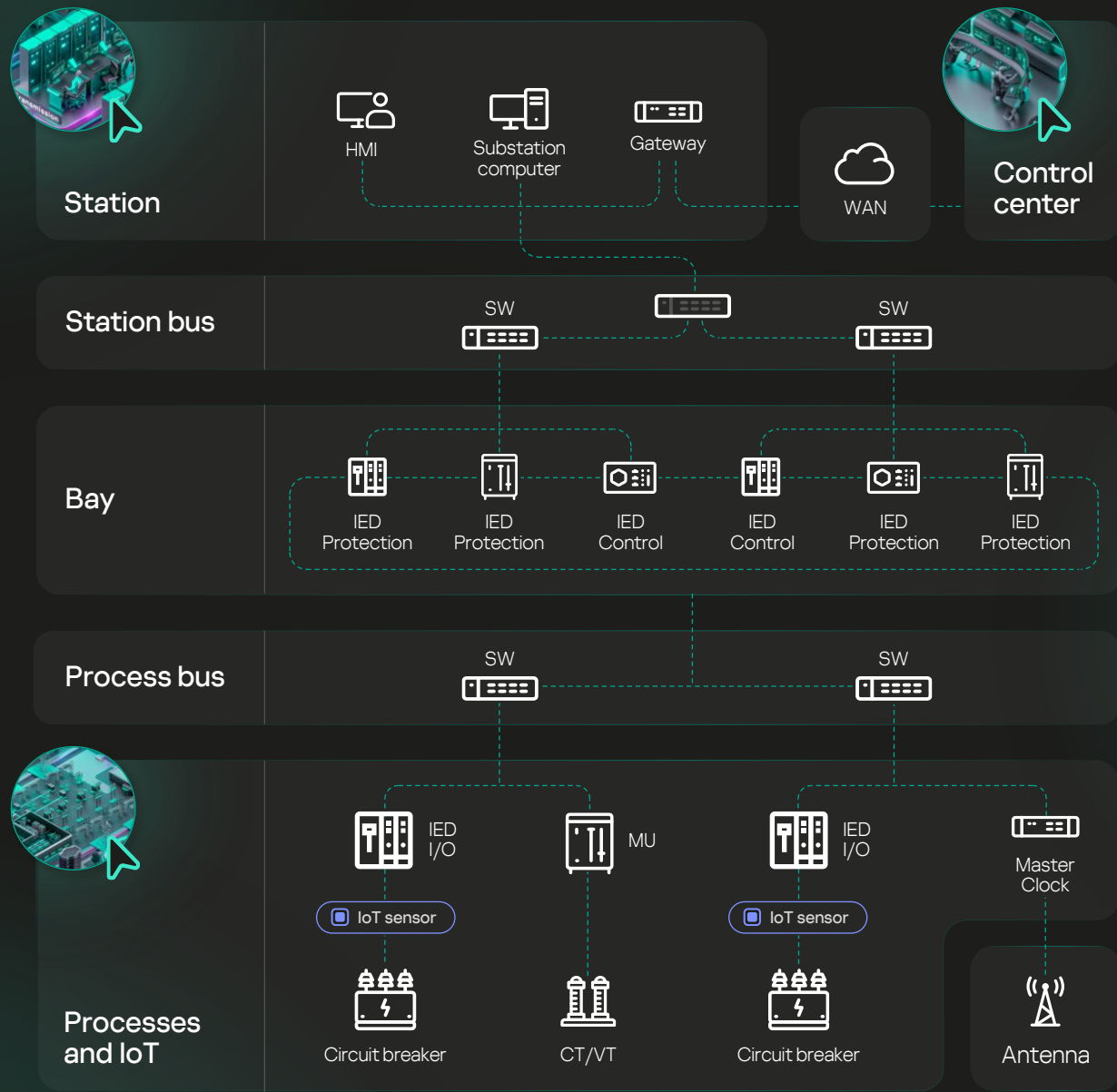
- Predicts failures in aging relay systems using machine learning
- Detects cyberthreats targeting outdated relays



Kaspersky ICS Threat Intelligence

- Comprehensive analysis to identify and evaluate the exposure to risk and the security levels of industrial network infrastructures

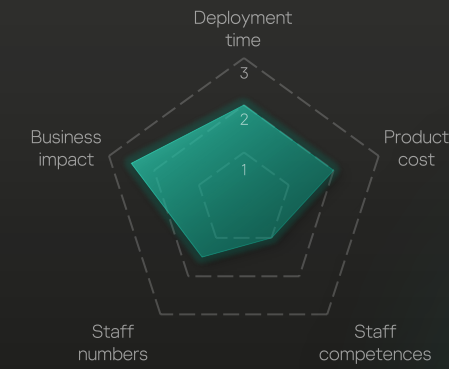
Increased number of nodes to compromise



Integrating robotics and IoT into substations creates more entry points for cyberattacks as each unsecured device is a potential target.

Managing and patching diverse connected devices is challenging, and a single breach can cascade across systems, risking widespread disruption.

Solution characteristics



How Kaspersky helps



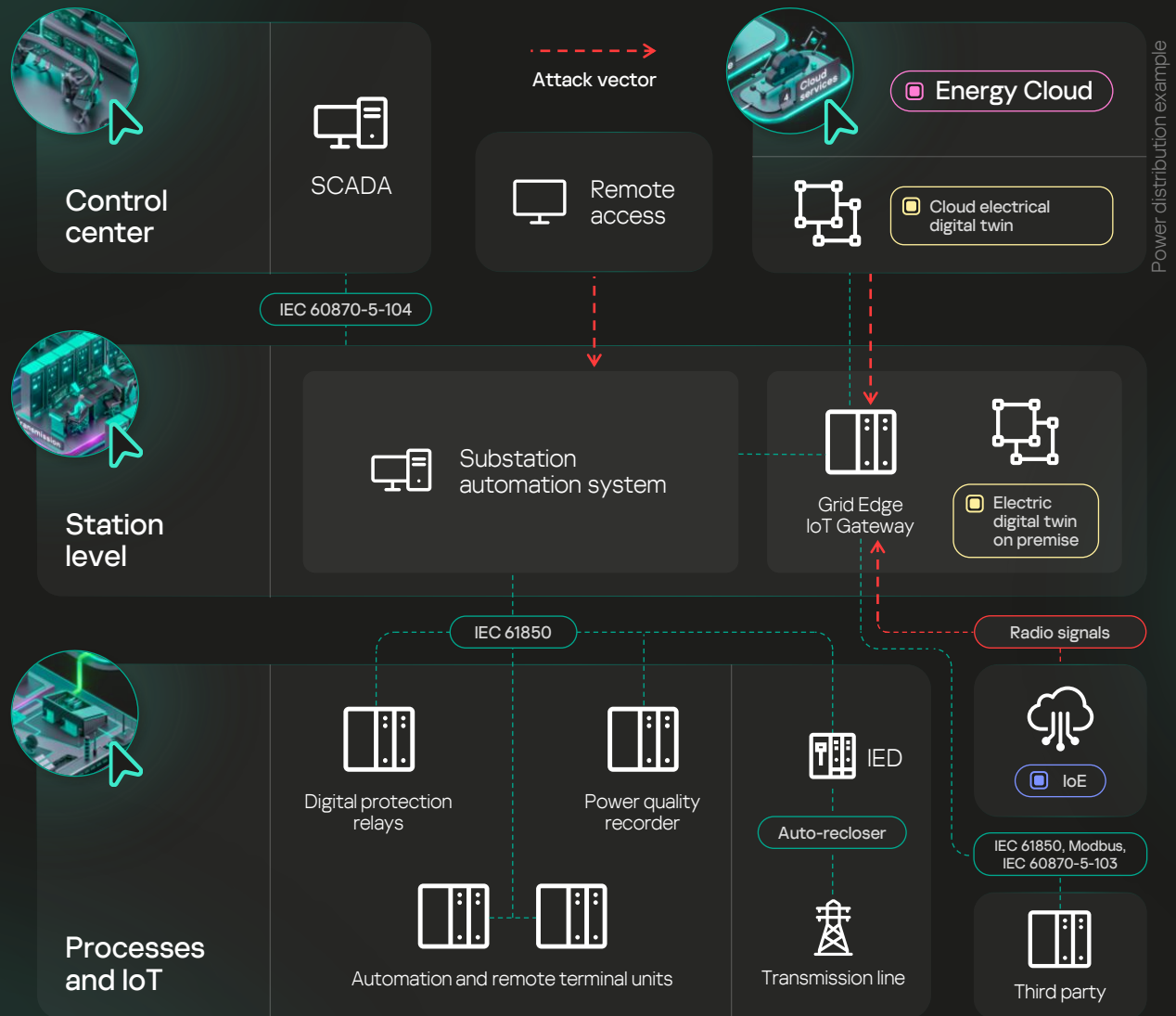
- Network visibility and network anomaly detection
- DPI of industrial communications with machine-learning capabilities
- Detailed system audit

Ecosystem of supporting services



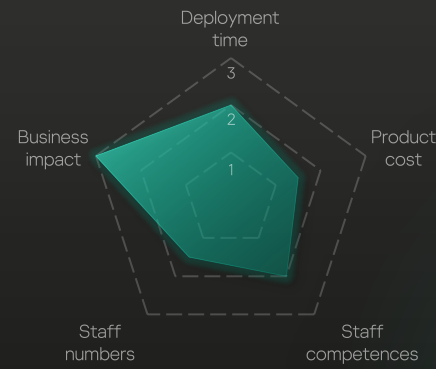
- Threat hunting and incident investigation
- Security monitoring

Compromised connections and time sync



Integrating technologies like IoE, digital twins and cloud services into power substations increases the risk of cyberattacks due to compromised connections, which may allow unauthorized access to SCADA systems and control networks. In addition, maintaining precise time synchronization for protection relays and phasor measurement units is critical as any errors can lead to faulty operation of grid devices

Solution characteristics



How Kaspersky helps

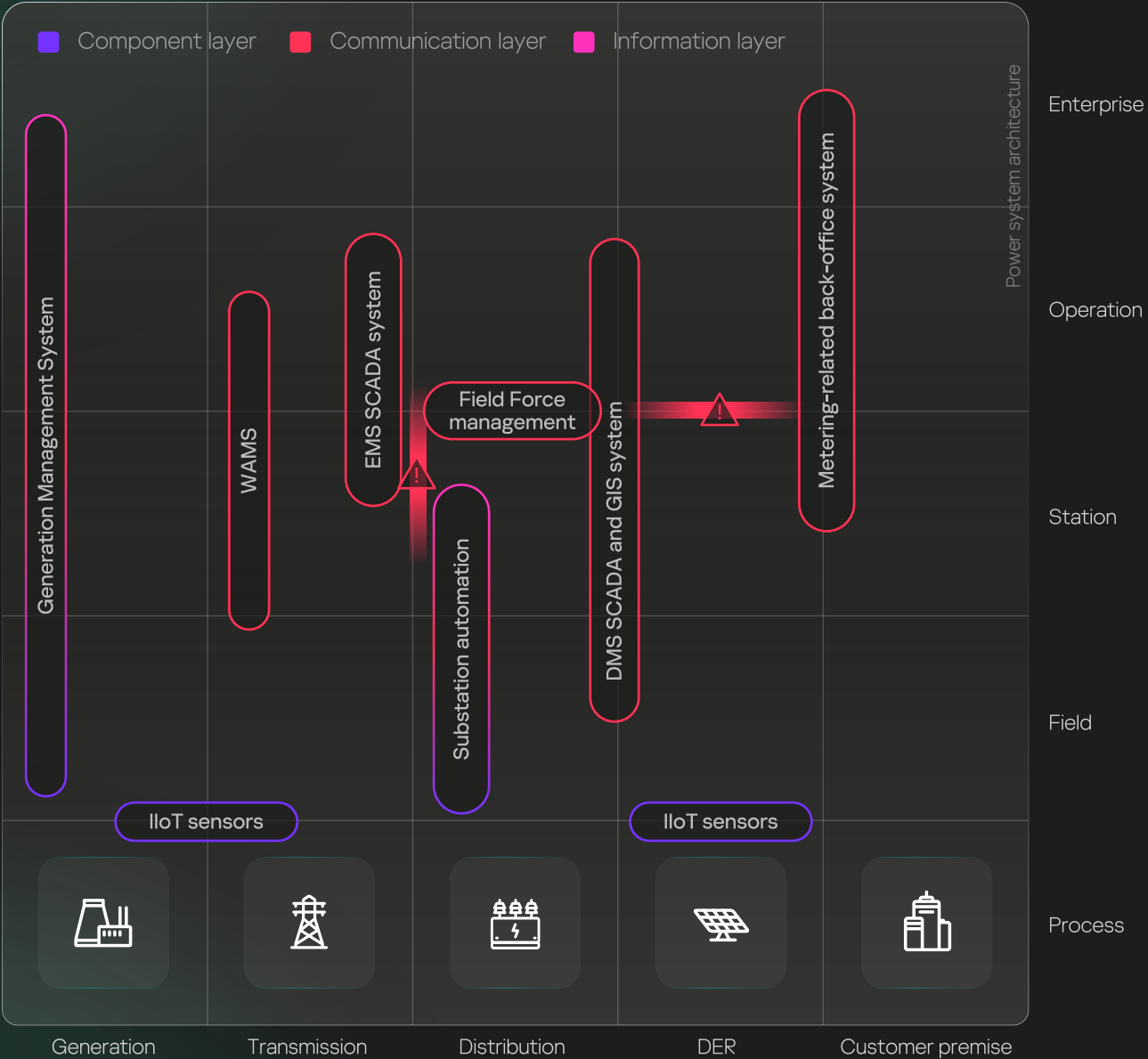
Kaspersky Next XDR Expert

- Robust protection of physical and virtual endpoints
- End-to-end coverage across complex infrastructures

Kaspersky Thin Client

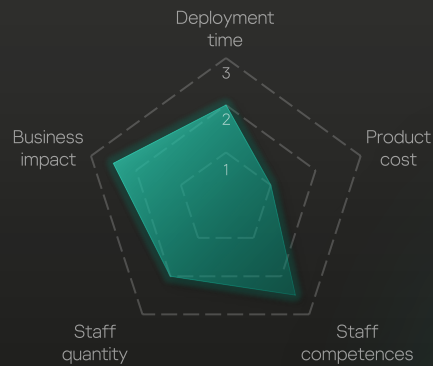
- Remote connection and engineering by staff and contractors
- Centralized monitoring and management of all thin client infrastructure events

Poor IT and OT network segmentation



Inadequate network segmentation in power grids, particularly with integration of digital twins, can lead to significant security vulnerabilities. When these networks are not properly segmented, the interconnected nature of digital twins can increase the risk of cyber-attacks spreading from IT systems to critical OT infrastructure. This can disrupt power distribution and cause widespread outages

Solution characteristics



How Kaspersky helps



Kaspersky Industrial CyberSecurity

- Network traffic analysis to identify anomalies and threats
- Endpoint protection, detection and response
- Network segmentation and usage compliance



Kaspersky SD-WAN

- Real-time monitoring of distributed network
- Network visibility
- Unified network security and management



Kaspersky ICS Security Assessment

- Identifies security flaws in network architecture
- Provides actionable recommendations for remediation
- Internal penetration testing

CIP regulations

Cybersecurity regulations for the power and utilities sector vary globally but share a common goal: enhancing resilience, protecting critical infrastructure and ensuring service continuity. Many countries have implemented regulations to ensure that electricity providers and grid operators adopt robust cybersecurity practices, conduct regular vulnerability assessments and adhere to standardized incident response protocols.



Global

- ISA/IEC 62443
- IEC 62351 (IEC 61850 TR)
- ISO/IEC 27019
- IEEE 1547.3-2023, C37.240, 1686
- IAEA Nuclear Security Series No. 17-T



UAE

- National Cybersecurity Strategy
- DESC Critical Information Infrastructure (CII) Protection Framework
- NESA CIIP Policy



Saudi Arabia

- OT Cybersecurity Controls OTCC-1:2022
- Essential Cybersecurity Controls ECC-1:2018



India

- CEA Cyber Security Guidelines and regulations
- NCIIPC Guidelines
- CERT-In Directions
- AERB Safety Codes and Guidelines



Indonesia

- PR 47/2023 National Cyber Security Strategy and Cyber Crisis Management
- BSSN Reg. 1/2024 Cyber Incident Management
- BSSN Reg. 2/2024 Cyber Crisis Management



Turkey

- NDK Cyber Security Plan for Nuclear Power Plants
- BTK CIPR Regulation
- Cybersecurity Law No. 7545



Brazil

- National Cybersecurity Strategy (E-Ciber)
- ANEEL Resolution No. 964/2021
- ANEEL PRODIST Module 8



China

- GB/T 44462.1-2024
- GB/T 36572-2018
- GB 42250-2022
- GB/T 36627-2018



Egypt

- ENRRA Technical Guidelines for Nuclear Facility Cybersecurity



Thailand

- NCSA B.E. 2566
- NCSA B.E. 2562
- NCSA B.E. 2564



South Africa

- Critical Infrastructure Protection Act
- NNR RG-0014 Guidance
- National Cybersecurity Policy Framework



Malaysia

- NACSA CNII regulations
- CyberSecurity Malaysia guidelines (MyVAC)
- Suruhanjaya Tenaga Cybersecurity Rules



Europe

- NIS2 Directive
- CER Directive
- ENISA Guidelines
- Network Code on Cybersecurity for Cross-Border Electricity Flows



USA

- NERC CIP
- NIST CSF
- NRC Regulatory Guide



Germany

- IT-Sicherheitsgesetz 2.0
- Energiewirtschaftsgesetz
- BSI KritisV / BDEW- B3S



Spain

- The National Security Framework
- CNPI Royal Decree 704/2011
- CCN-STIC Security Guides



France

- National Cybersecurity Strategy
- ANSSI Cybersecurity Framework for ICS
- Critical Information Infrastructure Protection Law



Netherlands

- The Netherlands Cybersecurity Strategy (NLCS)
- Network and Information Systems Security Act (WBNl)
- NSCS Guide to Cyber Security Measures



UK

- Nuclear Industries Security Regulations (NISR)
- NCSC CAF
- NCSC OT Guidance
- Cyber Security for IACS (OG86)

How Kaspersky helps

Kaspersky solutions safeguard power plants, substations, grids and other power system elements to maintain the continuity of critical industrial and utility operations with a ‘defense in depth’ approach.



Kaspersky Industrial CyberSecurity

Solutions for power grids compliant with ISA/IEC 62443, NIS2, SOC 2 Type2, ISO/IEC 27001, GB 42250-2022



Compatibility tested:



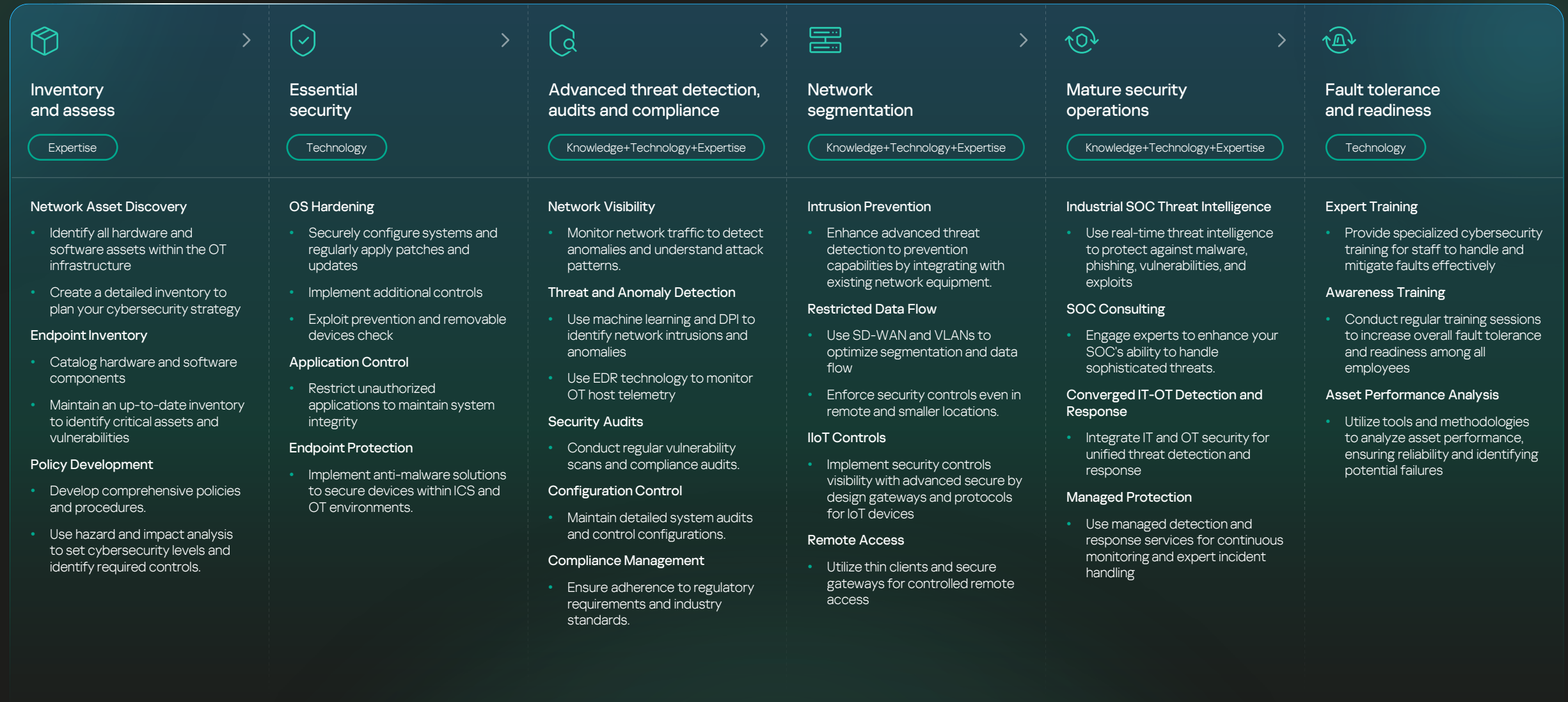
>150 systems from 50+ vendors

Kaspersky Security Awareness and Expert Training

Empower employees with essential cybersafety skills, complying with the requirements of the NIS2 Directive

Read more about NIS2 Directive and our product compliance

Cyber resilience with the Kaspersky OT ecosystem



Learn more about Kaspersky's approach to comprehensive cybersecurity at all levels



Kaspersky's Power & Utilities track record

10+ years of active experience in the sector	80+ projects completed in nuclear, thermal, hydraulic and other energy sectors, including renewables	40+ Power & Utilities companies already protected by Kaspersky	60,000+ licenses Issued to customers
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Kaspersky OT CyberSecurity provides comprehensive protection for the industrial infrastructure of power companies at all levels	 Supports compliance and compatibility	 Building scalable architecture	 Integrates into a robust ecosystem
Why Power & Utilities companies choose Kaspersky	• Solutions tested for compatibility with products from the largest vendors • Provides robust cybersecurity measures that are compliant with multiple regulatory standards	• Enhances transparency across ICS, taking the specific needs of power grid companies into account • Supports legacy and contemporary systems, ensuring that all components of the ICS are protected	• Single-vendor solution offering comprehensive protection through a unified ecosystem • Integrates corporate and industrial environments into a unified, secure infrastructure with end-to-end security

Successful case studies from Power & Utilities industry

In the last decade alone, Kaspersky has:



Delivered cybersecurity for the world's 4th largest electricity-producing company with a top-5 hydropower complex by installed capacity



Implemented protective solutions at the largest national electricity supplier responsible for generating 17% of the country's total electricity



Executed an industrial infrastructure protection project for a top-5 global renewable energy producer with over 600 energy generation facilities



Serbia's largest energy operator

[Learn more](#)

Chose Kaspersky solutions after a thorough assessment of competitor offerings. Decisive factors for selection included the presents of a local partner and full compatibility with existing IT infrastructure.

Implemented KICS for Nodes and KICS for Networks, planning to deploy our KUMA SIEM platform.

€500 M turnover
34 substations earmarked for KICS implementation



Electricity power generator and retailer

[Learn more](#)

Vulnerability assessment of their industrial networks to identify weaknesses and areas for improved security.

Simulated industry-specific attack vectors to uncover vulnerabilities, malicious activities and anomalies.

1 M households served
10% of total Singapore's electricity generation



Large power transmission company

[Learn more](#)

More than 150 servers and workstations in the Grid Company Group's process loop are protected by KICS for Nodes, while 10 KICS for Networks servers monitor key segments of the industrial network.

19239 MVA installed capacity
388 Substations



The #1 nuclear power plant in Russia by installed capacity

[Request Case Study](#)

Implemented Kaspersky Industrial CyberSecurity to protect the infrastructure at all levels, from SCADA servers and operator workstations to programmable logic controllers (PLCs) and network equipment.

4337 MW output
7 M consumers

Manage your security with Kaspersky and become a partner

Contact us and take part in our global customer conference

[Learn more](#)

